



3. How can Technology contribute to Sustainable Social Services in Europe?

Presented by

Nordic Research Network, Sweden



14:15 - 15:15

HIGH 1 Room

Session in:

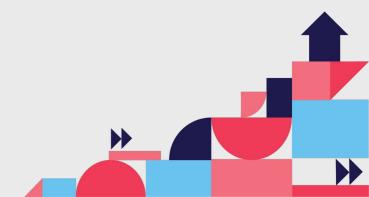












HOW CAN
TECHNOLOGY
CONTRIBUTE TO
SUSTAINABLE
SOCIAL SERVICES IN
EUROPE?



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PROTECT at ESSC 2023

What is PROTECT ("Proactive health and welfare technology for Nordic users and societies")?



- A networking project to synthesize and advance Nordic researchbased knowledge of proactive health and welfare technology (HWT) use with a user and societal perspective
- Implemented by Lappeenranta-Lahti University of Technology LUT (Finland; the coordinator), Norwegian Centre for E-health Research, Danish Dementia Research Centre and Mälardalen University (Sweden) in 2021–2023
- Funded by NOS-HS (The joint committee for Nordic research councils in the humanities and social sciences) via NordForsk
- Supported by Nordic Welfare Centre and the Nordic Research Network on Health and Welfare Technology



Why PROTECT?

- Use of HWT is playing an increasingly important role in users' lives, care work and processes, and in our Nordic societies as a whole
- We need understanding of end-users and informal caregivers' needs and of implementation of technology, as well as systemic understanding related to the organizational and societal levels
- Proactiveness is also an important aim; technological solutions may be taken into use too late
- The very *similar Nordic countries* provide an excellent environment for research







Illustration: Aino Sutinen

How did we work?

- In our Nordic workshops, we focused on the three levels:
 - End users and their informal caregivers micro level
 - Implementation level (professional caregivers and organisations) –
 meso level
 - The societal (macro) level
- A truly multidisciplinary group of researchers
- Importance of *stakeholder involvement*
- Supporting early-career researchers
- Understanding the *diversity of users* and valuing their voices
- Altogether nearly 200 workshop participants from four countries (researchers and stakeholders)













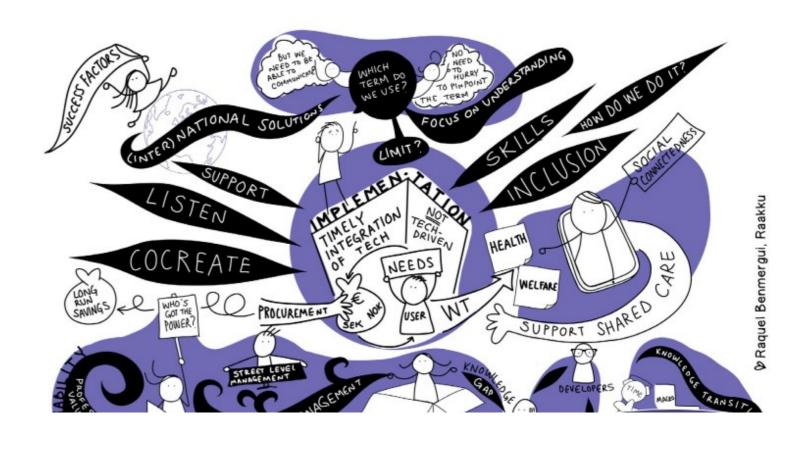




Results: Nordic challenges and future knowledge needs in using HWT - micro-, meso- and macrolevels

...will be presented in the interactive part





What is health and welfare technology and who uses it?



• In this project, the concept of health and welfare technology covers a wide sphere of diverse appliances and solutions.

• A few examples of health and welfare technology are safety alarm systems, remote care applications and care robotics.

 Health and welfare technology can be used to maintain or increase security, activity, participation or independence for older people or those with a disability, or the focus may be on professional caregivers and improving their working conditions.

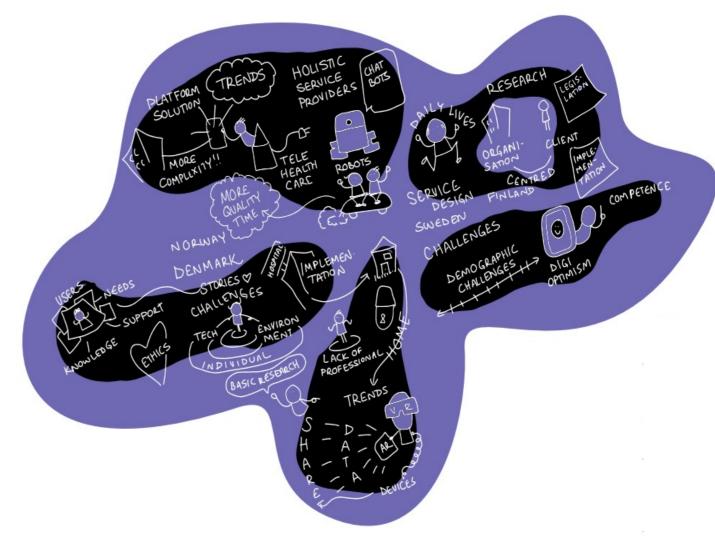


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Challenges and future knowledge needs from the micro level





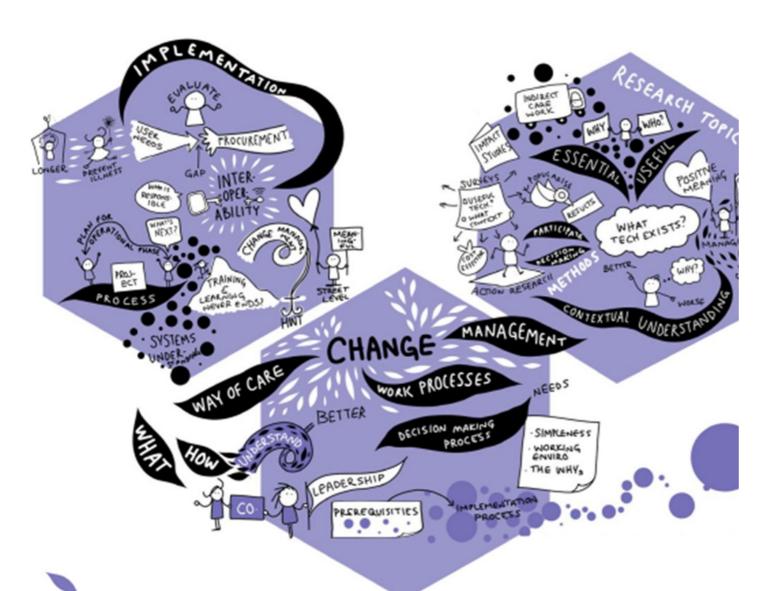
Micro level (end-users and informal caregivers)

Main micro-level challenges and knowledge needs	Examples of essential elements to consider
Digital exclusion	▶ Sufficient support for technology use▶ Ways to motivate non-users
User involvement	► New methods to involve users
Implementation of technology	 Management practices Training of professional caregivers (digital skills) Developing and advancing a shared language
Safety, security and ethical issues	 Deep understanding of everyday life Prerequisites for meaningful technology use
Research methods	 ▶ Multiple research methods ▶ Validated instruments and large studies ▶ Multi-disciplinarity



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Challenges and future knowledge needs from the meso level

Meso level (implementation level: professional caregivers and organisations)



Main meso-level challenges and knowledge needs	Examples of essential elements to consider
Change management	 ► Changed ways of giving care ► Piloting and testing (environments, practices) ► Work processes ► Intervention and impact studies
Implementation	 Practical anchoring of implementation Prerequisites in the implementation process (time, money, knowledge and infrastructure)
Meaningfulness	 ▶ Increased understanding of why technology is/could be/should be used ▶ Contextual understanding
Knowledge	 Provision of insights, education, training and competence Availability, appropriateness and usefulness for diverse users
Impact studies and cost- effectiveness studies	► Relevant methods for studying impacts and effectiveness of products and services



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Challenges and future knowledge needs from the macro level



Macro level (decision-makers)



Main macro-level challenges and knowledge needs	Examples of essential elements to consider
Impacts and costs of health and welfare technology	 Methods to measure impacts (economic and other, such as impacts on people's well-being and exclusion) Validated instruments Broad effectiveness – not just of one solution
Systematic reviews of what we know	 ▶ A clear categorisation of solutions ▶ Enabling systematic monitoring of for whom solutions are appropriate and how they affect people ▶ Identification of knowledge gaps
Proactiveness	 ▶ Preventive care versus technology ▶ Clients/patients' own experiences (whatever the solution)



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Key messages for the future (1)

- Involve a diverse range of individuals and collectives in the user, organisational and societal spheres
- Take into account the multidisciplinary nature of health and welfare technology in collaborative knowledge-building
- Promote bottom-up, participatory and action-based policies in needs identification, implementation, assessment of impacts and effectiveness and knowledge-building

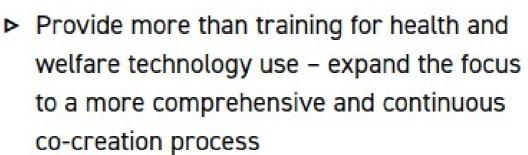




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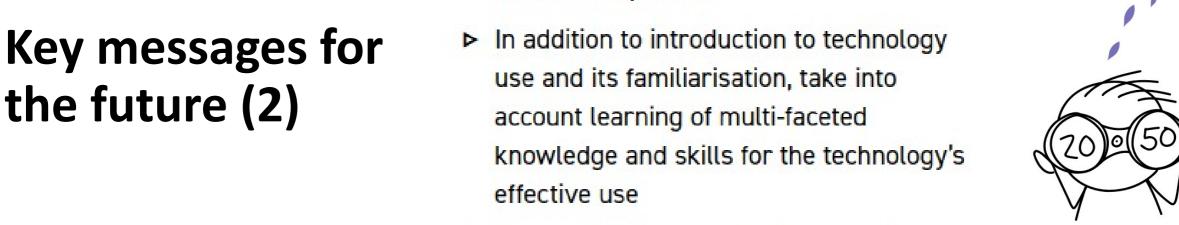






Ensure that this social action is not a one-time activity and that it also absorbs critical views and questioning attitudes









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Key messages for the future (3)

Consensus

- Embrace joint learning while creating new awareness regarding health and welfare technology use
- Contribute to clarify health and welfare technology concepts and features
- Design policy conventions in collaboration with key stakeholders

Diversity

- Acknowledge different user needs and user responses to technology and marketbased (or other types of) stimuli
- Develop targeted and differentiated policies at the micro and meso levels
- Work actively towards digital inclusion while the process of digital transformation continues







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PROTECT in a Europe perspective



Discussion based on the mentimeter results





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What are your reflections on HWT as a contribution to sustainable social services? (the question will be open 30 minutes after the end of the session)



Link to PROTECT policy brief:

Proactive health and welfare technology for Nordic users and societies - A policy brief - LUTPub



THANK YOU!

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